

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No. 42, Vol. 4.

NEW WESTMINSTER SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1864.

Price 6d. or 12 cts.

THIS JOURNAL is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning, and despatched by Mail and Express to all parts of these Colonies, Washington Territory, Oregon, California, the Eastern Provinces and Great Britain.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1864.

THE RED AND THE WHITE.

Chancing to drop into Court the other day we witnessed a case of trespass in which two Indians were the plaintiffs and a white settler the defendant. It appeared that the white man's cattle had got into the red man's potato-patch and injured the crops; and the action was brought by the latter for the recovery of damages—some four or five pounds. The witness called by the plaintiffs—a half-breed—testified that although the fence which enclosed the potato-patch in respect of which the action was brought was good and strong in some parts yet in others it was palpably insufficient, being only two or three feet high, and most flimsily constructed at that. Upon this evidence—all that was offered—"His Honor" very properly "dismissed the case," and the red-skinned litigants left the Court evidently impressed anything but favorably with the nature and workings of "English law."

The case which we have given is a representative one, although it is not usual for the aggrieved Indian to seek civilized redress. The potato-patches of the red man are scattered over the face of the whole flat country on the Lower Fraser, and in very few instances indeed are they protected by even an apology for a fence. The Indians, entirely unaccustomed to fencing, and in blissful ignorance of "English law," have in many instances made war upon the poor dumb intruder with tomahawk and musket. We have recently heard of several cases in which settlers have sustained serious injury to their cattle in this way. And the worst of it is, the evil consequences of such a course are not likely to rest with the mere injury to the cattle which may fall victims to savage vengeance. The feelings which such proceedings are sure to engender in both parties can hardly fail to lead to the most fatal issue. The Indian is thus induced to view the white settler as an intruder and an enemy, while the latter has his feelings embittered towards his red neighbor, and may in some instances be tempted to vent these feelings in a manner likely to produce bitter fruit.

And all this comes of the absence of an Indian policy. Although the native population is eight times as great as that of the whites yet this Colony is totally destitute of an Indian policy! All that has yet been done for the aborigines has been a mistake—a miserable pottering, calculated rather to complicate and increase than to remove the evil. These people, low and degraded as they are, have rights which we trifle with or ignore at our peril; and the sooner these rights are understood and recognized by the Government and properly explained to the ignorant savage the better for all parties. Even if we forget that we are human, and Christian at that—if we come down to the lowest ground upon which the subject can be discussed—that of pounds, shillings and pence—we cannot, as a Colony, afford to overlook or treat lightly the rights of these people. They will, sooner or later, be forced upon our unwilling attention, and the sooner they receive that consideration to which their importance entitles them the better will it be for us.

New Advertisements.

THE ORIGINAL PIONEER GOVERNMENT BAKERY
Lytton Square, New Westminster.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having taken over the above business from Mr. P. Hick, hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of public patronage.

Orders for Weddings and Parties promptly attended to.
W. HARVEY.
New Westminster, Dec. 4, 1863. de5-1c*

Mrs. KIRKWOOD, DRESS MAKER,
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE, Spalding Street, New Westminster, B. C.

The latest Ladies' Fashions from Paris on hand, an inspection of which is respectfully invited
ma18 1m

New Advertisements.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY!

THE SUBSCRIBER, BEING THE PIONEER OF this city, is well acquainted with every town and suburban Lot, and most of the rural Lots at present surveyed in this District. He has made it a part of his business during the past five years to examine Lots, and has had considerable experience in purchasing and selling Real Estate, and is well posted in regard to the actual value of Land.

Parties who are desirous of purchasing or selling Town, Suburban or Rural Lands will find it to their advantage to place the same in his hands.

All business in the GENERAL AGENCY line attended to, Charges Moderate.

WILLIAM CLARKSON,
General Agent and Auctioneer,
New Westminster, May 11, 1864. my14c

MACLURE & TURNBULL,
(Late of the Royal Engineers.)

Surveyors, Civil Engineers, Auctioneers, Land and General Agents,
OFFICE ON COLUMBIA ST., NEW WESTMINSTER, Opposite Mr. Holbrook's Store.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, in devoting attention to the above branches of business believe that, from many years service in various parts of the British Empire, they possess such a thorough knowledge of the Surveying and Engineering profession as will warrant them in soliciting public patronage.

JOHN MACLURE,
JAMES TURNBULL.
New Westminster, B. C., November 24, 1863. no4-1c

PICHT & HOYT,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C., IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Spirits, Wines, Ales and Segars.

BRANDIES—French, H. & F. Martell, Pelevoisin and American in bulk and cases;
RUM—Jamaica and other brands;
WHISKEY—Scotch, Irish, Bourbon and Monongahela in bulk and cases;
GIN—Holland in bulk and cases;
OLD TOM—Different brands;
WINES—Port, Sherry, California wines, various brands;
CHAMPAGNE, PORTER & ALES—Different brands;
SYRUPS & BITTERS—All kinds;
HAVANNA SEGARS—Different brands.

PICHT & HOYT,
New Westminster, B. C.,
BREWERS & MALTSTERS,

AND DEALERS IN
Brewer Stock; DISTILLERS,

AND DEALERS IN
DOUBLE REFINED SPIRITS,

40° over proof, superior to any;

—ALSO—
REFINED ALCOHOL
in Tins, 95 per cent. ap21c

J. C. WHITE, ARCHITECT AND DRAUGHTSMAN!
IS NOW PREPARED TO DRAW UP PLANS OF Buildings, Specifications, Estimates, &c., on the SHORTEST NOTICE.
Orders to be left at Mr. Holbrook's Store, Columbia Street, New Westminster. no7 1c

FURNITURE!

G. R. ASHWELL,

COLUMBIA STREET,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

Importer and Manufacturer of all kinds of

FURNITURE AND BEDDING,

Gilt Moulding, &c.

REPAIRING NEATLY EXECUTED

PICTURES FRAMED.

New Westminster, Oct. 31st, 1863. no4

New Advertisements.

EXPRESS.

DIETZ & NELSON'S

British Columbia & Victoria Express,

CONNECTING AT VICTORIA WITH

Wells Fargo & Co.,

FOR

CALIFORNIA, OREGON, ATLANTIC STATES & EUROPE;

AND AT YALE AND LILLOOET WITH

BARNARD'S CARIBOO EXPRESS,

FOR

Cariboo and the Northern Mines,

CONVEYING Treasures, Valuables, Letters, Packages and Parcels;

PURCHASING of Drafts and Bills of Exchange from Wells Fargo & Co., and other Banking Houses;

COLLECTING Drafts, Notes of Hand, Debts, &c.

EXECUTING Commissions, Orders, Enquiries;

FORWARDING of Merchandise, Packages, Parcels, &c;

ATTENDING to the Registration of Mortgages, Deeds, and other Documents, the Assaying of Gold Dust, Silver and other Ores;

PARTICULAR attention given to the purchasing of Goods at New Westminster, B. C., and Victoria, V. I., on the most favorable terms, and shipping to destination;

LANDING WAREHOUSES Prepared and Goods passed through the Custom House without delay.

New Westminster, March 13th, 1863. ma14 1c

THE

LARGEST, FINEST

—AND—

CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT

—OF—

WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

—AND—

SILVER-WARE,

—AT—

JUNGERMAN'S,

mh23 YATES ST., VICTORIA, V. I. 6m

WOODCOCK & HAND,

[Late W. BLACKER]

BLACKSMITHS, &c.,

New Westminster, B. C.

WOODCOCK & HAND respectfully beg to inform the inhabitants of New Westminster that they have taken over the above business, and are now prepared to execute with dispatch all orders with which they may be favored.

New Westminster, October 22, 1863. oc31-1c

NOTICE.

I HEREBY WARN all persons against purchasing the Steamer "P. P." either at Sheriff's sale or otherwise, as the ownership of the same is absolutely vested in the Mortgagees, Guy Huston, Peter McQuade & Co., and John A. Mara.

M. W. T. DRAKE,
Solicitor for Mortgagees.

New Westminster, June 1, 1864. je4

JOHN MURRAY

BEGS LEAVE to call the attention of his friends and the public to the

CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK

—OF—

FAMILY GROCERIES

which he has just opened, and which he is prepared to sell at the

Lowest Possible Prices,

FOR CASH.

JOHN MURRAY,
Columbia Street, New Westminster.

oc17-1c

New Advertisements.

COLONIAL HOTEL,
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

—0000—

Messrs. Grelley Brothers

Have added to their comfortable

Hotel and Restaurant,

A SPLENDID

Billiard Saloon,

In which will always be found the best

DRINKS AND CIGARS.

—000—

In connection with the above they have opened a Store stocked with the choicest Brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

ALES, PORTER,

BRANDIES, RUM,

CIDER, SYRUPS,

CORDIALS, BITTERS, &c.,

which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, or in case.

—ALSO—

THE BEST BRANDS OF

CIGARS,

Havana, Manila and Cheroots.

New Westminster, July 18, 1862. jy19

THE

COLONIAL HOTEL

—AND—

RESTAURANT.

FRONT STREET,

FORT YALE, B. C.

—000—

THE ABOVE ESTABLISHMENT, having been newly fitted up at a great expense, is ready for the reception of the public.

The BAR will contain the choicest Liquors, while the TABLE will be constantly supplied with the substantial as well as the delicacies of the season.

N. B.—Good, clean Sleeping Apartments connected with the Hotel.

L. DAVISON,
Manager.

Fort Yale, B. C., March 27th, 1863. ma28-1c

LOCHLOMOND HOUSE!

AT THE

Seventy-four-mile Post

ON THE

Lillooet-Alexander Road.

THE PROPRIETOR calls the attention of travellers to Cariboo to this House, which is just opened for the travelling public, where Good Meals can be had at all hours, with all the delicacies of the season.

THE BAR

will contain CIVILITY, and the best

LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

This is the first house within 15 miles where good water can be obtained, and, being 27 miles above the Junction, affords a comfortable and convenient stopping place.

Packers, Stagers and Teamsters are informed that they will find good stabling and the best of provender, as well as an excellent run for cattle on the grounds.

The strictest attention will be paid to the comfort of those who may patronize the Lochlmond House.

JOHN MCMURPHY,
Lochlmond, British Columbia, March, 1863. tc.

CITY BAKERY

—AND—

COFFEE SALOON.

—000—

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to his new and commodious establishment on the

Corner of Columbia and Hall Streets,

where he hopes to receive from a generous and discriminating public an extended patronage, commensurate with his increased facilities for accommodating them.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Fies and Cakes,

supplied at all hours, and at reduced rates.

Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to.

JOSEPH SOREL,
New Westminster, March 3, 1863. ma4

New Boot and Shoe Shop

MARY STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY,

Boots and Shoes made and repaired.

W. WOODMAN
New Westminster Feb. 1861. fy 12-1m

Victoria Advertisements.

THE Royal Insurance Company.

—FOR—

Fire & Life Insurance.

CAPITAL Ten Million Dollars!

HEAD OFFICES,—Liverpool and London.

CHAIRMAN,

Charles Turner, Esq., M. P.

DEPUTY CHAIRMEN,

Ralph Brocklebank, Esq., & E. Johnston, Esq.

MANAGER AND ACTUARY,

PERCY M. DOVE, ESQ.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE APPOINTED the UNDERSIGNED their Agents for

Vancouver Island & British Columbia,

and will now accept proposals for Insurance both in the

Fire and Life Departments.

They feel confident that the known Standing and Character of this Office, the sound principles upon which it is established and the magnitude of its resources, will obtain for it a fair share of public patronage.

James Dickson, Esq., M. D., has been appointed Medical Examiner to the Life Branch.

ANDERSON & CO.,
Wharf Street.

Victoria, 20th January, 1863. ja24

BALMORAL SEED STORE

—AND—

Nursery Depot,

FORT STREET.

MY STOCK OF SEEDS, TREES, PLANTS, &c., being now very complete, Farmers and Merchants are invited to call and examine for themselves. Country and British Columbia Merchants supplied at the lowest wholesale rates.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS & MACHINES.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having been appointed Agent for some of the Largest Importers and Best Manufacturers of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS & MACHINES in San Francisco, is prepared to supply all sorts of Agricultural Implements and Machines at a small advance on San Francisco prices. Parties wanting Patent Hay Presses, Mowing and Reaping Machines, Fanning Mills, Ploughs, Harrows, Scythes or any other Implement or Machine will do well to send their orders. Parties ordering will require to remit with the order about one-fifth of the value of the machine to pay Freight.

J. BEGG,
ap18 1c Balmoral Nursery Depot, Fort St., Victoria.

W. J. AMSRTRONG,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

IMPORTER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

HARDWARE, CROCKERY,

CLASSWARE, AND

Oilman's Stores,

Would call the particular attention of Up-river Merchants, Steamboat Owners and others to his Stock, and ascertain the prices before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Fresh Garden Seeds Just received and for sale.

W. J. ARMSTRONG,
New Westminster, March 27th, 1863. ma28-1c

BONDED WAREHOUSE.

—0000—

HENRY HOLBROOK,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

LIVERPOOL WHARF,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

BONDED AND FREE STORAGE for 600 tons Goods

Every accommodation given to Goods landed on the Liverpool Wharf, for shipment up river.

A large assortment of Goods for sale at Victoria prices, with the duty added

NOTICE.

AFTER THIS DATE, URIAH NELSON & CO. ARE not responsible for damage on Oils or Liquids shipped in Tins.

URIAH NELSON & CO.
Port Douglas, May 2, 1864. my4 1c

ANDERSON & Co.,

HAVE NOW IN STOCK and will keep continuously, Byass Porter and Ale, Martell and other Brandies, Scotch Whisky, Rum, &c.

oc31

WHARF ST., VICTORIA.

July 9, 1864.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.
This journal is published every Wednesday and Saturday, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster. Single copy, price 6d., or 12d. per month. Terms per quarter, 10s.; or \$2.50; half-yearly, 18s.; or \$4.50; and yearly, \$35. Subscriptions must be paid in advance. Copies of this paper can be had at the Book Store of Messrs. Clarkson & Co., Columbia Street.

ADVERTISING-RATES.
Transient Advertisements, 2 inches and under, \$2 first insertion, and one dollar each subsequent insertion. Over two inches, \$1 per inch for first insertion, and half a dollar for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers. Advertisements in order to ensure insertion, should be sent in before noon of the day before publication. All Advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid each month in advance. All Advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so changed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

N. W. C. Club Notice—Wm. Fisher.
Antler Bed-rock Flume Co.—J. J. Cochrane.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1864.
POPULAR EDUCATION.

"It's an ill wind that blows nobody good." While the tempest of sectarian rage has been howling round our ears the existing public school has passed unscathed through the fiery furnace, heated seven times hotter than usual, and, if not slaying, at least severely scorching one bitter little priest, who both kindled the fire and, with more zeal than discretion, continued to pour the oil of sectarian jealousy upon it. Although the primary object of the controversy was avowedly to break up our common school, yet, strange to say, the very opposite has been the result. Truth loses nothing by investigation; and so the school has been the gainer by the war of words which has been carried on for some weeks.

But while the school, so far as the ability and faithfulness of its teacher is concerned, stands deservedly high, yet there are other points, of scarcely secondary importance, in which that institution fails to meet the wants of the community; and to these we would desire respectfully to draw the attention of the Government for a few moments. An appeal was made through the medium of a public meeting, regularly called by requisition to the Mayor, to have the school placed upon a broader basis for two reasons: First:—The school rates were found to be so high as to circumscribe the usefulness of the institution, placing it beyond the reach of the poorer classes. Secondly:—It was thought that, upon principle, as the school was supported in part from the Colonial revenue it was right that the public should have the control of it; and especially was it desirable that it should be reconstructed and popularized at a time when additional Government aid was sought to enable the school rates to be materially reduced. In this, however, the public have been for the nonce frustrated. The Colonial Secretary, doubtless from an imperfect knowledge of the real position of affairs, and acting upon the advice of persons who neither possess the confidence of the people nor, at heart, desire the welfare of the common school, has, unwittingly, we are bound to believe, thrown an obstacle in the way of a movement in every way so proper and desirable. The result is that the usefulness of the school is not extended. Children, debarr'd from it by exorbitant rates, idle about the streets, and an efficient educational institution, which ought to extend its benefits to at least 40 youths, shows little more than half that number upon its register. It appears unaccountably strange that such a state of things should exist. There must be a mistake somewhere; for we cannot believe that it is either the intention or desire of the Executive to hinder popular education. We do not blame those parents who prefer to have their children taught at home or in select schools for withdrawing them from the public school; but we do blame and severely censure those who, having done so, cease to take an interest in the promotion of the common school. No man can shut himself up within his own domestic circle and say that he has no interest in education beyond that limited sphere. He has a deep interest in the education of every youngster in the community. He has a pecuniary interest, as well as a moral responsibility, in seeing that education is placed within the reach of all; and because his own children may be snugly provided for his duty to his neighbor does not cease. We all owe a duty to society; and he who proves recreant to that duty will assuredly sustain loss, either in his person, his family or his estate.

New Advertisements.

NEW WESTMINSTER CRICKET CLUB NOTICE!

A SPECIAL MEETING of the above Club will be held at the Court House, on Monday evening, the 11th inst., at 8 p. m., when the attendance of all members is particularly requested.
Jy9 lin Wm. FISHER, Secretary.

Antler Bed-rock Flume Co., Limited.

Notice of Call.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a meeting of the Directors of the above Company, held this day, a further Assessment of Five Dollars (\$5) per share was levied, to be paid at the office of the Company on or before the 10th July, 1864.

By J. J. COCHRANE, Secretary.
Office—Government street.
Victoria, V. I., July 1, 1864. Jy9 lin

New Advertisements.

AUCTION SALE.

THE TOWN LOT known on the map as Lot 8, on Block 23, is ordered to be sold for arrears of Municipal Tax; and GEO. HOOPER hereby notifies the public that he is instructed to sell the same without reserve. He also will offer other lots of increasing value. Sale at the Auctioneer's office, at 12 o'clock on Monday, the 11th instant. Jy6id

FRENCH'S FISH MARKET,

FRONT STREET,

New Westminster.

In the above Market will always be found, in season,

FISH

Of Every kind, both Fresh, Salted and Smoked.

Also, in season, all kinds of GAME.

Shipping Orders Promptly attended to.

FREDERICK KAYE & CO.

New Westminster, July 5, 1864. Jy6 id

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED UNTIL MONDAY JULY 11,

1. For Chopping from ten to thirty acres of the Cemetery site;
 2. For Burning off five acres of the Cemetery site.
- Tenders to be sent in separately for each work, and to specify the rate per acre.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
For further particulars apply to
JOHN COOPER,
Hon. Sec. Provisional Cemetery Board.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP hitherto existing between Wm. Brennicke and Harry Wind, in the business known as the Fraser River Hotel, at Hope, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Wm. Brennicke is authorized to collect all debts due the firm.
Witness
W. J. SANDERS. HARRY WIND.
Fort Hope, May 23 1864. Jy15 lin

Just Received and For Sale.

5000 lbs. CHOICE CALIFORNIA BACON.
20 Cases JEWELL & HARRISON'S LARD.
500 lbs. ENGLISH DAIRY CHEESE.
Jy22id By PICT & HOYT.

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform the inhabitants of New Westminster, and the public, that he is always ready to attend any orders for MASONRY WORK, in Brick, Stone or Plasterwork. Estimates, Orders and Kils particularly attended to. Any person requiring work in the above line will please leave their orders at the office of Geo. Hooper, Auctioneer.
Jy29 id JONATHAN MOREY.

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION!

At San Francisco, California,

TO BE OPENED ON THE 30th AUGUST, 1864.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE of the Mechanics' Institute of San Francisco, California, have ratified the action of A. O. Halliday, Esquire, in appointing W. H. SUTTON, Esquire, of Yale, and W. E. CORMACK and GEORGE DIETZ, Esquires, of New Westminster, British Columbia, to assist in securing contributions which will represent the industry and resources of British Columbia in the Industrial Exhibition—which will open on Union Square, in San Francisco, on the 30th of August, 1864.

With the view of inviting Capital to British Columbia for the development of the resources of the country, and in furtherance of the success of the Exhibition, gentlemen throughout the Colony will promote these objects by transmitting through DIETZ & NELSON'S and BARNARD'S EXPRESS, free of charge, Specimens which it may be in their power to obtain, to the address of either of the gentlemen appointed as above stated, who will forward them to the Exhibition in San Francisco, and which Specimens will be returned to the contributors, if desired, also free of expense. Jy15

CLARKSON & CO.,

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

HAVE ON HAND A

LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK

Counting House, Official & Printer's

STATIONERY;

SCHOOL, STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS

BOOKS,

SHEET AND MANUSCRIPT

MUSIC,

Maps & Charts of British Columbia,

GOLD PENS & POCKET CUTLERY.

Columbia Street, New Westminster, B.C. Jy6 id

\$40,000 WORTH OF CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES & DRY GOODS

TO BE SOLD AT ENGLISH COST!!

ROPER & CO.,

FORT STREET VICTORIA, V. I.,

HAVE DETERMINED TO OFFER THE WHOLE OF THEIR STOCK of CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS at English Cost. The sale commences on

MONDAY, JUNE 7,

and will continue till the end of the month. This will be found an opportunity that rarely offers, both for WHOLESALE and RETAIL BUYERS. Jy6 lin



COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
New Westminster, June 2nd, 1864.

IN PURSUANCE OF CERTAIN RESOLUTIONS OF the Legislative Council, passed during the late session, the Governor has authorized the following Premiums to be offered with the view of developing the resources of, and stimulating industry throughout, the Colony:—

1. A Premium of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS (£500) to be paid to any person or persons who shall be the first to show to the satisfaction of the Government that he or they have successfully worked by machinery a VEIN OF QUARTZ producing either Gold or Silver, within the Colony of British Columbia.
 2. A Premium of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS (£500) to be paid to any person or persons who shall be the first to show to the satisfaction of the Government that he or they have successfully worked any COAL MINE within the Colony of British Columbia, and have bona fide produced from such mine Two Hundred (200) tons of good Coal, and have shipped the same to any Port beyond the limits of the Colony.
 3. A Premium of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS (£500) to be paid to any person or persons who shall prove to the satisfaction of the Government that he or they have been the first to complete in a bona fide manner the building of a VESSEL, within the Colony of British Columbia, of not less than Five Hundred (500) tons burthen.
 4. A Premium of FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS (£500) to any person or persons who shall prove to the satisfaction of the Government that he or they have been the first to find any ALLUVIAL MINING DISTRICT sufficiently extensive to give remunerative labor to Five Hundred (500) men for a period of not less than Six (6) months.
- The Governor in Council to be the sole judge as to whether any of the above Premiums are to be awarded.
By His Excellency the Governor,
ARTHUR N. BIRCH.

NOTICE.

MR. ALEXANDER D. McDONALD having proceeded to Richmond, British Columbia, on business, I am authorized and fully empowered by Letters of Attorney, duly executed and deposited at this office to act for him in his absence for his personal, and also for MACDONALD & CO., Bankers, of this city, of which all persons will please take notice.
J. WADDELL.
Office of
MACDONALD & CO., BANKERS,
Victoria, V. I., 18th June, 1864. Jy22 2w

EXPRESS, FREIGHT

PASSENGER LINE STAGES.

AFTER THE FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1864, THE Coaches of this Line will run as follows:

UP TRIP:

Leave Yale on MONDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 3 a.m., Passing over the Suspension Bridge and through the Canyons by daylight, and reaching SODA CREEK in time to connect with the stern-wheel steamer "ENTERPRISE," on THURSDAYS and MONDAYS at daylight, reaching Quesselle City the same day.

DOWN TRIP:

Leaves SODA CREEK on the arrival of the "ENTERPRISE" on TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS, reaching YALE on THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS in time to connect with the steamers for NEW WESTMINSTER.

Passengers going via DOUGLAS and LILLOOET can take DIETZ & NELSON'S Express Wagons over the Portages, and connect with BARNARD'S Express Wagon at LILLOOET, on MONDAYS and FRIDAYS, noon, for CLINTON, where seats are reserved for THROUGH passengers on the Stages for SODA CREEK.

Passengers from above can obtain Through tickets at Soda Creek for Lillooet and Douglas.
F. J. BARNARD.
Yale, April 30, 1864. my28 id

New Music.

A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF

SKEET MUSIC

Received by the last Steamer,

at CLARKSON & CO.'S.

COAL OIL! COAL OIL!!

JUST RECEIVED, from San Francisco direct, 500 gals. No. 1 Chicopee Coal Oil, in first rate order, which we will sell to traders at lower prices than it can be laid down here from Victoria.
N. B.—We shall always have a stock of the same on hand.
New Westminster, April 1, 1864. ap2id



PROCLAMATION.

BUTE INLET MASSACRE!

A REWARD OF \$250

WILL BE PAID BY GOVERNMENT, UPON AND for the apprehension and conviction of every Indian or other person concerned as principal or accessory before the fact, to the murder of any of the fourteen Europeans, who were cut off by Indians, on or about the twenty-ninth and thirtieth days of April, now last past, in the Valley of the Homathco River, at Bute Inlet.
Dated Government House, New Westminster, 17th May, 1864.

By His Excellency's Command,

ARTHUR N. BIRCH,
Colonial Secretary.

COD SAVE THE QUEEN! m21

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Tenders are invited for the construction of a

Waggon Road from the Mouth of Quessnel to Richfield.

This line of the road will be at once decided upon, and exactly marked out on the ground, and specifications of the proposed work furnished at the office of this Department at Richfield, where also further information on the subject will be given.
The work will be divided into four sections, and tenders are to be sent in for each section separately, or for the four sections together.
Payment for the work will be made on the road in cash.

The earliest possible public notice will be given of the exact date on which tenders will be opened.
By order of His Excellency the Governor,
JOSEPH W. TRUTCH,
Surveyor General.

Lands and Works Department,
New Westminster, 20th May, 1864. my21

LONDON HOUSE,

MAY 26th, 1864.

The subscribers have received invoices of a very choice lot of goods of the following descriptions, shipped by Express from Europe, via Panama, and expected to arrive next Steamer.

J. E. TURNER & CO.,
6 Fort Street, Victoria.

A large assortment of FRENCH FLOWERS and WREATHS;

Real Lace COLLARS, SLEEVES, and CANEZOUS;
Lace SHAWLS and MANTLES;
Rich SILK PALETOTS;

Fashionable TRIMMINGS;
SILK, COTTON, and THREAD for Sewing Machines;

The newest BONNETS and HATS;

Elegant SASH and BONNET RIBBONS;

French CORSETS and RIDING BELTS;

A very excellent make of FRENCH KID GLOVES—in Ladies' Gentlemen's, and Children's sizes;

RIDING GLOVES;

The celebrated SANS FLECTUM SKIRTS;

GLACES and MOIRES, in the new colors;

Shaded and Gris de Fer MOIRES;

Bouquet CREPE MOIRES; ECOSAIS, TAFFETAS, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Balance of Summer Goods

—TO—

ARRIVE PER ROYAL CHARLIE.

To Hotel Keepers!

A GOOD BUSINESS TO BE DISPOSED OF.

MESSRS. SMITH & BRIDGMAN offer their present business, known as "Hick's Hotel," consisting of a good Bar retail liquor business, together with the Boarding and Lodging House. Parties desirous of entering such business will be treated with liberality by application to
GEO. HOOPER, Auctioneer.

New Advertisements.

Bank of British North America.

ASSAY OFFICE, VICTORIA.

GOLD DUST MELTED & ASSAYED.

CHARGES:

For all deposits under 50 ounces \$
For all " above 50 " One quarter of one per cent.

Ords of every description carefully Assayed.

CHARGES:

For each Mineral Assay \$15

GOLD DUST AND BARS PURCHASED

at the current rates.

J. G. SHEPHERD, Manager.
Victoria, May 7, 1864. my18id

School for Young Ladies.

COLUMBIA ST., NEW WESTMINSTER.

On Monday, the 4th of April,

Miss JOYCE

will open a School for Young Ladies.

COURSE OF EDUCATION.

A Thorough English Education, comprising Reading, Writing, Grammar, History (Ancient and Modern), Geography and the use of the Globes, Composition, Arithmetic, Needle and Fancy Work, and French.

TERMS:

(Payable in Advance) \$3 per Month.

Under 12 years of age, " " " " " "

Above " " " " " "

N. B.—Boys under 7 years of age admitted.

For two or more pupils from one family a reduction is made.

EXTRAS:

MUSIC, DRAWING, SINGING.

Miss Joyce is prepared to receive a limited number of Boarders.

For further particulars apply to the Principal, at the School House, Columbia Street. mh30 id

THE

BRITISH COLUMBIA

MILL COMPANY,

[LIMITED.]

New Westminster,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the Public that they are now prepared to furnish all descriptions of

FIR, CEDAR & SPRUCE

LUMBER,

BOTH ROUGH & DRESSED.

ALSO,

Tongued and Grooved Flooring,

IN ANY QUANTITIES.

From the superior character of the Mill just now completed, and from the facilities which they possess for shipping Lumber—there being sufficient depth of water at the Mill to float vessels of the largest size—they flatter themselves that they will be able to afford as great inducements to Lumber Dealers, and others, as any Mill on the Pacific Coast.

Bills of Lumber, of any dimensions, cut on the shortest notice.

Orders from Shippers or from the Interior are solicited, and will receive prompt and careful attention.

Office—At J. A. Webster's Store, Columbia St.

J. A. WEBSTER & CO.

New Westminster, October 27, 1863. oc28 id

BONSON & RICHARDS,

CARPENTERS, JOINERS

—AND—

CABINET MAKERS

HAMLY STREET, NEAR THE CUSTOM HOUSE,

New Westminster.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully beg to announce that they are now prepared to execute orders in any branch of the above trades, on the most reasonable terms.

ESTIMATES, PLANS & SPECIFICATIONS made for every description of buildings.

Orders left at the Workshop will receive prompt attention.

del9 id

BONSON & RICHARDS

BROKENBROW & EVANS,

BUTCHERS,

NEW WESTMINSTER MARKET,

COLUMBIA STREET,

CELEBRATED SAUSAGE MAKERS.

Dealers in all kinds of Salt Meats.

GENUINE YORKSHIRE HAMS. CELEBRATED WESTPHALIA HAMS. ST. CLARE'S BELFAST HAMS. VICTORIA (V. I.) SUGAR CURED HAMS. PUGET SOUND HAMS. ORION HAMS. CALIFORNIA HAMS. HEYWOOD'S SUGAR CURED BREAKFAST BACON. SMOKE and PICKLED TONGUES. PURE LEAF LARD, ETC., CUMBERLAND HAMS and BACON.

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Importa

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Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

This Journal is the only newspaper published in British Columbia. It is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for the Colony. J. DOWSE, in Victoria, and T. B. BORT, in San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1864.

Official Speculators.

Our Cariboo correspondent several months ago alluded to the indulgence in certain mining speculations by subordinate Government officials. The attention of the Executive having been directed to the subject steps were taken to have the conduct of the parties alluded to investigated. One of them, however, conscious of guilt it may be, took the precaution to resign his situation; another has been suspended and, we understand the investigation is being prosecuted. For such promptitude the Executive is entitled to commendation. But how does it come that while justice is meted out to subordinates their superiors are in some instances permitted to indulge in similar practices *ad libitum*? We have more than once felt it our duty to allude to certain speculations in which the only Judge of the Supreme Court in the Colony has been engaged for a series of years, speculations which we consider inimical to the impartial discharge of his duty upon the Bench. Not only was he engaged in a most gross land transaction at Cottonwood about two years ago; but he has subsequently speculated covertly in mining claims, holding interests in companies who may any day appear as litigants in his own Court! How does it come that the big shark is allowed to pass untouched while the sprats are spitted? Is this impartial British Justice? It is stated outside that when circulars were sent to all the Government officials, last year, if we recollect rightly, forbidding them to engage in such speculations, "His Honor" snapped his fingers at the Executive and told them he would invest his money in any way he thought proper. Is our Judge to be above the law? Is he to be permitted to play the out-law? If the very proper and highly necessary law prohibiting officials engaging in certain speculations is not to be enforced in the case of the chief offenders in all decency don't let us have it enforced amongst the clerks and constables. The very first blow should have been aimed at the chief. For, after all, there is much less blame to be attached to a poorly paid subordinate for engaging in these speculations when he is only following the example of his well-paid superior.

More Revenue Wanted.

It is much to be regretted that the Municipal Council has not a larger revenue at its disposal. Several applications have recently been made to the Council by parties engaged in making or proposing to make important improvements but who are hindered or deterred by the unclean state of adjacent streets or squares. In some instances the Council has felt it very hard to decline compliance, with the most moderate and reasonable requests, but the financial state of the Municipality has compelled that course. The Council has now expended some three hundred pounds in excess of the year's revenue, and it would be unwarrantable, with the meagre powers that body possesses, to add to that debt. It is earnestly to be desired that other local revenues should be placed at the disposal of the Council so that its usefulness may be extended. As we have devoted considerable space to this subject in previous issues it is not necessary to enlarge upon it now. But we would once more call the attention of the Government to the propriety of doing something to meet so palpable and pressing a want.

THE COMMON SCHOOL CONTROVERSY.—We trust this discussion is now at an end. If it is not it ought to be, and we cannot see much to be gained by protracting it. The promoters of non-sectarian education have most successfully vindicated not only the public school but their own characters, which were so bitterly assailed, and they can well afford to let the matter drop now. Hereafter any communications upon the subject must be over the proper name of the writer, otherwise we cannot engage to publish them. To admit anonymous letters now would be obviously unfair to those who have written over their own names. Those who wish to indulge in a cowardly stab in the dark at their fellow citizens are, therefore, respectfully referred to the *Victoria Chronicle*.

THE INDIAN DIFFICULTY AND THE VICTORIA PASS.—It would be amusing if it had not become absolutely disgusting to observe the extent to which our island contemporaries get "stuffed" about British Columbia matters in general, and the Indian difficulty in particular. The papers brought up last night contain a thrilling account of the defeat of Cox's party, resulting in the death of McLean, his sons and 40 of the men, while Commissioner Cox and the balance of the party are said to be taken prisoners. Upon this miserable "cell" the Editor of the *Chronicle* founds a leader in which, as usual, he endeavors to misrepresent and blame Governor Seymour. It is bad enough to publish every absurd rumor that comes to hand; but to be everlastingly on the qui vive for something upon which to ground an accusation against a gentleman who has acted throughout with so much promptitude and zeal is something worse than contemptible.

PROROGATION.—Governor Kennedy was to have prorogued the Island Parliament yesterday.

THE VICTORIA ELECTION resulted in a tie vote between Mr. Cruikshanks and Monitor, and so Naylor, to make sure, returned both. Well, we suppose it will take both to make one real good legislator.

Later from Cariboo.

Barnard's Express, in charge of Mr. Humphrey, reached Yale on Wednesday, containing \$130,000 in treasure, and five passengers in the stage. The express brings dates no later than the 30th ult. On Williams Creek the weather was delightful, and mining was progressing briskly. There is an unusual dearth of news. Provisions had declined a little, flour selling as low as 40c., and other articles in proportion. A new chartered company has been formed for the purpose of constructing a bed-rock flume on Williams, from the canyon up, and bringing in the water from Jack of Clubs. This project will enable a large amount of hill diggings on the upper end of the creek to be worked to advantage by hydraulic power, thereby opening up much valuable ground now untouched for lack of water. There are 4000 \$50 shares in the company, every one of which was taken up at Richfield in the short space of two days! This indicates unbounded confidence in the enterprise.

The Surveyor-General had decided upon the site of the new wagon road. It crosses Cottonwood about 1½ miles above the present road, and following up Chisholm Creek, strikes Willow River, and passing the mouth of Lowhee it comes up through the mouth of Williams on to Cameron. Tenders for the construction of the road were being received at Richfield, and were to be opened on the 16th inst.

Owing to recent rains late crops are looking remarkably well, although early crops have not rallied much.

The bones of a man had been discovered lying amongst the bushes at the road side a few miles beyond Lake LaHache. They are supposed to be those of Mr. Hands, of Goderich, Canada West, as he was last seen in that neighborhood some nine months ago. Mr. Spence will probably have completed his contract for widening a portion of the wagon road by the 15th inst. It is spoken of as an excellent piece of work.

News from the Kootenais and Shuswap Mines.

A gentleman engaged in the packing business came over to Yale this week from the Kootenais country via Shuswap. He states that so far as gold has been discovered in the Kootenais country it is in British territory. There are about four hundred men engaged in mining there. The earnings are, with the rudest appliances, from \$10 to \$130 a day to the land. The gold is coarse, and saved without the aid of quick-silver. This gentleman had nuggets worth from \$10 to \$84. The shortest route to these mines from the Dalles is 700 miles, while from Hope it is only 450 miles. There is an abundant supply of water and plenty of good agricultural land adjacent. In passing through the Shuswap country he called at Cherry Creek and examined the mines. There were three companies at work. One claim was yielding \$20 a day to the land—none less than \$10. The water was still high; and it was expected that as it fell richer pay would be obtained.

We have just learned that the Hon. Colonial Secretary yesterday received several very fine specimens of Kootenais gold together with a dispatch from Mr. Haynes conveying highly encouraging news respecting these mines.

Arrival of Treasure.

ONE HUNDRED & FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS!

Dietz & Nelson's Express came down from Yale by the steamer *Reliance* yesterday, bringing \$30,000. The Bank of British Columbia messengers came down by the same steamer, with \$100,000. The steamer *Lillooet* came in from Douglas on Thursday, bringing Dietz & Nelson's Express with \$8,000, while \$12,000 more came down in private hands, making a total of \$150,000 in two days!

HIGHWAY ROBBERIES IN CALIFORNIA.—San Francisco papers give an account of a series of highway robberies which have recently been committed in that State, the most formidable of which took place on the night of the 30th ult. Six armed men stopped the stage on the Placerville route a mile above the 13-mile house and helped themselves to eight bags of bullion belonging to Wells, Fargo & Co, representing themselves to be in the Confederate service and in need of the treasure for recruiting purposes. They even went so far as to ask for contributions from the passengers for the Confederate cause. Two officers went in pursuit, and finding them at the Somerset House a conflict ensued, when one officer was shot dead and the other badly wounded.

ANOTHER FISHERY.—We understand Mr. Annandale has sold out his interest in the fishery opposite this city to his partner Mr. Inglesfield who will carry on the business vigorously. He has now 600 barrels made up and everything in readiness for the season now close at hand. Mr. Annandale is making preparations for prosecuting the same business upon a large scale at Mud Bay, seven miles south of this place, which is understood to be a very favorable point for salmon fishing.

SENSIBLE.—We noticed amongst the passengers brought up by the *Enterprise* yesterday James E. McMillan, Esq., of the *Daily Chronicle*. We understand Mr. McMillan has come up to spend a week for the benefit of his health and spirits, knowing, as he does from experience, the superiority of our climate. We congratulate our contemporary upon even a week's respite from Victoria gloom.

THE INDIAN DIFFICULTY.—We are without later news either from Bentinck Arm or the interior.

A GOOD DAY.—Ninety thousand dollars worth of gold was assayed in the Government Assay Office here yesterday. The greater portion of it belongs to the Bank of British Columbia.

The News from the East.

The news from the seat of the American war is to 27th ult., but is barren of event, no decisive battle having taken place. The news is generally favorable to the North. Preparations were being made to shell Petersburg. Operations against Fort Darling were going on.

The Internal Revenue Bill had passed both Houses and awaited the President's signature. The following are some of its provisions:—

Income tax on all amounts over \$600 from whatever source derived, 5 per cent.; over \$5,000, 7½ per cent.; over \$10,000, 10 per cent. On and after July 1st, 1864, the tax on whisky and other distilled spirits will be \$1 50 per gallon; after January 1st, 1865, \$2.

Tax on cigars valued at \$6 per 1000, \$8; valued at \$15, \$15; valued at \$30, \$20; valued at \$45, \$40.

Tax on smoking tobacco, leaves and stems, 15 cents per pound. On fine cut chewing tobacco with stems out, the tax is 35 cents per pound; Cavendish, 60 cents per pound.

Express Companies are taxed 3 per cent. on their gross receipts.

Telegraph Companies are taxed 3 per cent. on gross receipts, with stamp tax abolished.

The tax on beer and other malt liquors is \$2 per barrel of 30 gallons.

Banks are taxed 1 per cent. on circulation under ninety per cent., and over that amount 2 per cent.; deposits one half per cent.; profits, sales, real estate chargeable to incomes; losses on the same may be deducted.

California.

The *Age* sailed from Acapulco on the 8th and broke her shaft on the 9th, when she put back to Acapulco. She was towed to San Francisco by the *Golden City* in 9 days. Her cargo will be subjected to general salvage. There were 750 passengers on board at the time the accident occurred.

Gen. McDowell, who arrived on the *Golden City*, has assumed the command of the Department of the Pacific.

Gen. Wright continues in command of the District of California; Major Kirkham relieves Lieut.-Col. Babbitt, as Chief Quartermaster.

Mexico.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 30.—On the 3rd of June 5 French vessels entered Acapulco harbor, landed 800 troops and took possession of the town without opposition. They then marched to Los Cajones Pass, several miles distant, where they were attacked by the Mexicans and badly beaten, losing their commanding officers and 9 men. The French returned to Acapulco, which they are fortifying. A French vessel had sailed for San Francisco to procure provisions and ammunition and additional arms.

It is reported that the Mexicans massacred 500 French near Guadalajara, in retaliation for outrages. The French troops at Guadalajara are ordered to the city of Mexico, it being impossible to maintain communications. Rosas has 3,000 cavalry on the road harassing the French. Uruga had 1,000 troops.

NEW YORK, June 15.—The *World's* Mexican correspondence relates, from personal observation, the most horrible outrages perpetrated by the French troops on the march, and in several places captured by them. By order of General Donz, Tula was burned. The mail inhabitants were butchered and all the women and girls raped in open day by a beastly soldiery. For three days these outrages continued. [We believe the above to be a gross libel on the French army.—Ed. "B. C."]

Guadalajara was taken, after a forty-seven days siege, by the Liberals, with a French garrison and all the artillery. Bazaine had ordered his army from the city of Mexico to take Toluca.

CANADIAN NEWS.—Owing to the detention of the *Golden Age* we are without our Canadian exchanges. We learn from a letter received by a gentleman in this city that J. G. Bows, Esq., ex-Mayor of Toronto, died on the 20th May. The Rev. L. Taylor, we are happy to learn, had arrived there in good health.

THE CEMETERY.—It will be seen by a notice elsewhere that tenders for clearing the site of the public cemetery will be received by the Honorary Secretary to the Board, John Cooper, Esq., up to Monday The 11th inst.

AUCTION SALE OF TOWN LOTS.—Mr. George Hooper will offer several valuable town lots at auction on Monday. For particulars see advertisement elsewhere.

Sabbath Desecration—Narrow Escape.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

SIR:—Believing you to be sound upon the fourth commandment, I felt surprised, in glancing over your issue of Wednesday, to find that no notice had been taken of a flagrant case of Sabbath desecration, coupled with a narrow escape from drowning, which took place on last Sabbath; and imagining that the circumstance must have escaped your vigilance I beg a little space in your columns for the purpose of stating the case—withholding for the present the names of the three sinners. I may premise, however, that two of them are wont to stand up in their places in church upon the Lord's day and—with hypocritical faces, as the incident I am about to relate would seem to show—join in the response to that very commandment which they have so flagitiously trampled under foot:—"Lord have mercy upon us and incline our hearts to keep this Law."

The circumstances of the case are briefly as follows:—On Sunday morning, July 3rd, 1864, three of our citizens took it into their heads that they would like to enjoy a day's sport, and so, providing themselves with provisions, fishing gear and fire-arms, including a plentiful supply of brandy, they started in a canoe for the Coquitlam river, about five miles off. Arriving safely at their destination they were soon absorbed in angling for trout and sipping brandy, being much more successful, however, in the latter. Soon becoming weary of the sport the party em-

barked for home; but, somehow, the canoe, which was perfectly sober on the way up, would not keep its course, and coming in violent collision with a snag was shattered to pieces, precipitating its lively occupants into the "chuck." The sudden and unexpected outward application of cold water happily acted as an antidote to the other water which had been taken inwardly, and so the three worthies were enabled to strike out boldly for the shore. The current, which is swift in that part of the river, meanwhile carried them down to the vicinity of an Indian ranch, a circumstance which came near costing one of the party his life. An Indian who was lazily basking in the sun had his attention arrested by a splash in the water, and his quick eye lighting upon an object which he took to be a Fisher—an amphibious animal to which one of the unfortunate bipeds bore a striking resemblance while engaged in his involuntary aquatic exploits—he grasped his ready musket and, rushing down to the water's edge, was in the act of taking aim when the unfortunate swimmer, seeing the new danger which threatened him, shouted out with all his remaining strength: "Wake nika mamas nika." The Indian dropped his musket as suddenly as if the ghost of his great-grandfather had suddenly presented itself before him. Instantly recovering his self-possession, however, he devoted his attention to the now fainting swimmer, and soon succeeded in bringing him to land. Meanwhile the poor fellow, more dead than alive, was joined by his comrades who had succeeded in making land a little higher up the stream, and, shaking themselves like half-drowned rats, all three started for town in an old Indian canoe which they succeeded in borrowing, vowing, let us hope, that they will go no more fishing upon the Sabbath day.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

SIR:—As my correspondence with the Colonial Secretary and the school committee would occupy far too much space if published entire, permit me to say that the Secretary promptly replied to my second letter, enclosing a copy of the only communication he had received from the committee. That document contained a general charge of interference with them by "the pastor and one or two members of the Presbyterian Church." I have written to them asking for a specification of the instances of interference, and also the names of the "members" referred to. They have declined to do either, of course, as the whole affair is an *invention*. I have been compelled, therefore, to give a general denial to the charge and send the whole correspondence to the Colonial Secretary. It would oblige me, however, if you could find room for two letters which I herewith enclose—one to the Colonial Secretary and the other from Mr. McIlveen, the teacher of the school.

Yours, &c.,

ROBERT JAMIESON.

NEW WESTMINSTER, July 5th, 1864.

SIR:—I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 29th ult., enclosing the communication of the school trustees dated June 14th, in which they attempt to damage me in the eyes of the Government.

If the Government credit the statements contained in that communication they must necessarily be prevented giving due consideration to any efforts I may make, in common with my fellow citizens, in promoting the interests of education.

The church which I represent in this Colony is one of the chief supporters—if not the chief supporter—of united non-sectarian education in every country in which it exists, and as we are engaged "making history" in this new country, I would be guilty of a great dereliction of duty if I allowed, even for the sake of peace, any body of men to deposit, unchallenged, in the Government archives or enter in their minute book, such a document, grossly misrepresenting the position and actions of the Presbyterian Church.

With regard to the concluding portion of that letter, in which the committee say—"we are informed it (£50 additional to the teacher's salary) has since been applied for by the reverend gentleman before alluded to"—I have merely to say that I have not applied to you for any money. I joined with all the parents having children at the school in signing a petition asking for such additional grant; and you can see by referring to said petition, dated April 28th and replied to by the Governor on May 13th, that it was signed by W. D. Ferris and J. T. Scott, two of the trustees. This is the application which they "are informed" I made, and which they now make a subject of complaint!

I enclose copies of my letters to the committee and Mr. McIlveen, the teacher of the school, and of their replies to me.

I have, &c., &c.,

ROBERT JAMIESON.

Hon. A. N. Birch, Colonial Secretary.

(COPY.)

New Westminster, July 4th, 1864.

REV. R. JAMIESON, SIR:—I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 2nd; also a copy of the committee's communication to the Colonial Secretary.

The "interference" with which you as "pastor and one or two members of the Presbyterian Church" are accused in the above communication cannot, I think, have any reference to me, or my management of the school, inasmuch as no such interference with me in the discharge of my duties as teacher, either by yourself or the others implicated, ever had any existence.

I will now proceed briefly to answer your questions.

"1. What is the difference between the system upon which you conduct the public school here and the system upon which you conducted a National School in Ireland and a Common School in Canada; and how long have you taught in those countries and under those systems?" There is no difference, if we except the text books. The principles are precisely the same—purely non-sectarian. I taught one of the National Schools in Ireland during a period of two years and five months; in Canada I taught in the Common Schools thirteen years and seven months.

"2. What was the usual course pursued by ministers of various religious denominations in Ireland and Canada, when they visited the schools

which you taught?" To notice the manner in which the school is conducted by the teacher—to hear him examine a class or classes—to take part in the examination of any class at the request of the teacher—to address a few words of encouragement and advice to the children to persevere in their studies, &c.,—and, lastly, to enter any remarks they may deem necessary in the school register or visitor's book kept for this purpose.

"3. Have I exercised the privileges accorded to such ministers in such circumstances, and have I given any reasons for the course I have pursued?" You have not visited the school as often as I could have wished, and when you did, you never took any part in examining a class, and you never entered a remark either of encouragement or censure in the school register. This course I looked upon as unfriendly until I asked you the reason of this apparent shyness and indifference toward a school that you had taken so much trouble in getting established. Your answer was one I confess I could see no force in at the time: that you wished to avoid even the very appearance of taking any part in the management, but that you would be glad to see the other ministers of the place visit the school frequently.

"4. Have any other ministers visited the school, and, if so, have they exercised their legitimate privilege more or less than I have done?" Yes. The Rev. Mr. Sheepshanks and the Rev. Mr. Reeve have both visited, and have at my request examined classes. The children have been pleased and encouraged by their remarks and advice, while I have been no less encouraged.

"5. Do you know of any way in which I have interfered with the school, or you, or the committee, so as to prevent the working of the school on fair, honest, non-sectarian principles?" I know of none whatever. On the contrary, I owe you much for the interest you have taken in keeping up the attendance of the children. You have sent and paid full rates for your own child, which you did simply to help the school; and I am well aware that you have prevailed upon others to send their children who would probably not have done so otherwise.

I may also add, of course the children all know that you never examined or taught any of them, or made any address to them in the school since you gave it up.

Yours very sincerely,

JAMES MCILVEEN, Teacher.

THE LATEST NEWS.—The new Postal Laws having come in force, the undersigned are prepared to send *Newspapers and Periodicals* to any part of the country with regularity and dispatch. English, Irish, Canadian, French, German and Italian newspapers, and English and American magazines of the latest dates are received by every mail.—CLARKSON & CO., Booksellers & Stationers, New Westminster.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Preventible Diseases.—Many are the maladies which silently work their way into the human system through miasma, noxious vapours, and deteriorated air, which could all be dispossessed by a few doses of these admirable Pills. The vitiated gases enter the lungs as we breathe, and there contaminate the blood, which will convey the poisonous particles throughout the body, unless some purifier, such as these Pills, be taken to cleanse it. Holloway's Pills expel all harmful matters from the circulation, and cleanse the solids, likewise, from all treacherous impurities. Is not the whole body formed from the blood, and the blood only? How necessary, then, does it become to all who value health to employ occasionally some means of purification.

New Westminster Agricultural Association.

The following is a list of the seeds on hand and for sale by the above association:—

WHEAT.
Talavera, April, Hunters, Red-chaff, Nursery Red.

BARLEY.
Chavaler, Annal.

OATS.
Potato, Hopetown, Sandy, Berlie, Early Angus, Black Tartarian.

ONIONS.
Giant Madeira, Brown Portugal, White Portugal, James' Keeping, Nocera, Early Small.

TURNS.
Swede-Bangholm, East Lothian, Skirvings, Marshalls, Yellow Green-top Aberdeen, Purple-top Tweeddale, White Globe Pomeranian, Lincolnshire Red Globe, Early Six-week, Grey Stone.

GRASSES.
Rye-grasses, Italian-English and Perennial Scotch Cocksfoot, White Clover, Alsike, Cowgrass, Mixed for Perennial Pasture, Fine Lawn.

PEAS.
Maple Field, Sangster's No. 1, Dickson's Favorite, Princess Royal, Hair's Dwarf Mammoth.

POTATOES.
Daintree's Seedling, Dalmahoy, Red Regents, Skerry Blues, Flukes, Ark-leaf Kidney.

CABBAGE.
Large Drumhead, Enfield Market, Early London Cauliflower, Large Drumhead Savoy.

MANGOLD.
Orange Gold Improved, Red Oval-shaped, Long Red.

CARROTS.
White Belgian, Altringham Large Red.

BEANS.
Giant White Runners, Dwarf Kidney mixed.

MELONS AND CUCUMBERS.
Four fine varieties.

PARSNIPS.
Hollow Crown.

PURSE.
French.

W. E. CORMACK, Hon. Sec.

New Westminster, June 28, 1864.

NOTICE!

ALL PERSONS having any claim on the estate of WILLIAM GILBERT are requested to send in their accounts to Mr. Geo. Hooper, whose receipt will be valid for all debts due to the same.

R. HARVEY, Attorneys for
T. WILSON, the Creditors.
New Westminster, March 1, 1864.

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THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
Is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning,
and sent by Express

To Every part of the Colony,
as well as to
Victoria, Washington Territory, Oregon
and California.

Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates, and
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING
of every description executed in a prompt and work-
man-like manner.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1864.

Poetry.

Be Just and Fear Not.

Speak the truth. Let others fawn,
And trim their words for pay;
In pleasant sunshine of pretence
Let others bask their day.
Guard thou the fact; though clouds of night
Down on thy watch-tower stoop;
Though thou shouldst see thine heart's delight
Borne from thee by their swoop.
Face thou the wind. Though safer seem
In shelter to abide,
We were not made to sit and dream;
The safe must first be tried.
Where God hath set His thorns about,
Cry not "The way is plain;"
His path within for those without
Is paved with toil and pain.
One fragment of His blessed Word,
Into thy spirit burned,
Is better than the whole, half heard,
And by thine interest turned.
Show thou thy light. If conscience gleam,
Set not the bushel down;
The smallest spark may send his beam
O'er hamlet, tower, and town.
Woe, woe to him, on safety bent,
Who creeps to sleep from youth,
Failing to grasp his life's intent
Because he fears the truth!
Be true to every inmost thought,
And, as thy thought, thy speech;
What thou hast not by suffering bought
Presume thou not to teach.
Hold on, hold on—thou hast the rock;
The foe is on the sand;
The first world-tempest's ruthless shock
Scatters their shifting strand!
While each wild gust the mist shall clear
We now see darkly through,
And justified at last appear
The true, in him that's true.

Williams Creek Bed Rock Drain.

We are indebted to a gentleman lately arrived from Williams Creek for the following particulars concerning this enterprise, which is likely to result in great advantage to Cariboo. The Company was organized last fall and subsequently received a charter from the Government in February last. The privilege was conceded to them of making a drain from a point 1800 feet below the lower line of the Rabey claim to the canon, allowing a charge of \$3 per day to be levied off each claim of 100 feet wholly or partially drained along the route. The capital of the Company was originally \$25,000, in 250 shares of \$100 each; it was subsequently raised to \$50,000. The stock was all taken on the creek by the claim owners, merchants, and miners, and the work has been vigorously prosecuted. At latest dates the drain had reached the Rabey claim and will be completed to the Cameron claim about the 10th inst. The drain will strike the lower line of the Rabey claim. This claim, which comprises ten interests, will pay the Bed Rock Drain Company \$30 per day, or nearly \$1000 per month. The Dead Broke Co. will pay \$12 per day. When the drain takes the Cameron claim it will drain the following: the Cameron, 8 interests; Wattie, 1 do; Tinker Company, 4 do; Jolly & Co., 6 do; aggregating 19 interests, which gives the company \$57 per day, making with the Rabey and Dead Broke \$99 per day. As the drain proceeds up the creek it will drain the Moffatt, 8 interests; the Beauregard, 6 do; the Starr, 6 do; Never Sweet, 6 do; Caledonia, 8 do; Grizzly, 6 do; Lillock, 4 do; Mosier, 4 do; Cariboo, 14 do; Wake-up-Jake, 6 do; Welch, 7 do; and so on up to the Black Jack Tunnel, draining in all over 175 claims, and paying over \$525 per day to the Bed Rock Drain Company—about \$15,000 per month on an outlay of \$50,000. This company is one of the first enterprises called into being by the modification of the mining laws, and speaks volumes for the wisdom of the men who suggested such changes.—*Express*.

THE GORDON BONDS.—We are informed that counsel's opinion has been taken on the propriety of enforcing the penalties against the scoundrels of the fraudulent ex-Colonial Treasurer and that the result is that no steps will be taken to enforce them. It has come to light that when the late Executive discovered the frauds they did not inform the delinquents' securities of their liability, but condoned the offence. It was not until the man whom they knew to be acting dishonestly continued his delinquencies until they had increased to a large amount, that he was removed from office. The counsel is of opinion that the connivance of the authorities at the first malpractice released the bondsmen from all liability. All the papers connected with this flagrant case have been sent to the Colonial Office by the last steamer. It becomes a question whether Sir James Douglas is not morally liable to make good to the Colony the loss which has accrued through his almost criminal weakness in not removing Gordon from his office of Treasurer, the very moment he had reason to doubt his integrity.—*Chronicle*.

HISTORICAL DOCUMENT.—The following extract from the ancient register of marriages in the parish of Holton, near Oxford, has been published in the Times:—"1646.—Weddings. Henry Ireton, Commissary general to Sir Thomas Fairfax, and Bridget, daughter to Oliver Cromwell, Lieutenant general of the horse to the said Sir Thomas Fairfax, were married by Mr. Dell in the Lady Whorwood her house in Holton, June 15, 1646."

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

New Advertisements.

W. J. ARMSTRONG,

AGENT FOR

FELL & CO'S GROUND COFFEE
and Spices.

THESE SPICES are genuine, and, consequently, much stronger than others imported from Eastern markets. I have always a large stock on hand, and will sell at the lowest rates in quantities to suit the Trade. All orders from the interior will receive prompt attention.

W. J. ARMSTRONG, mytic
New Westminster, May 5, 1864.

BANK

—OF—

BRITISH COLUMBIA

—OOO—

NEW WESTMINSTER AGENCY.

—OOO—

THE BRANCH at New Westminster is now opened and prepared to receive Current Accounts and Deposits at fixed periods, bearing Interest. Gold Bars purchased and American Coin given for the same.

Advances made on Assay Certificates, and the balance paid in Victoria ten days from date of deposit. Merchants and Traders by this arrangement can have the benefit of the Government Assay Office, and at the same time save all detention.

Gold Dust received on Consignment, and proceeds applied as advised.

ADVANCES made on GOODS in BOND, and DUTIES paid on same.

Drafts granted on Victoria, San Francisco & London.

JAS. D. WALKER,
Manager.

iy22-1c

BENSON'S WATCHES AND CLOCKS.

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT, TO HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Opinions of the London Press upon Benson's Great Clock and Watches in the Exhibition, 1862.

"As a sample of English clock-work on a large scale, the works of this are probably the finest finished that have ever been seen in this country. No Chronometer could be fitted with more perfect or carefully adjusted mechanism."—*Times*, June 11, 1862.

"A triumph of ingenuity."—*Telegraph*, March 31, 1862.

"A more splendid and exquisitely-finished piece of mechanism we have never seen."—*Standard*, June 17, 1862.

"Some of them are of great beauty; and if the English watch-trade only follow up with the same spirit and success this first attempt to compete with foreigners in decorative watches, there seems to be no reason why we should not get the trade entirely into our own hands."—*Times*, June 23, 1862.

"Ranged around the base of the clock were the Watches which Mr. Benson exhibited, and which have been universally admired for the beauty and elegance of the designs engraved upon them. The movements are of the finest quality which the art of horology is at present capable of producing. The clock and watches were objects of great attraction, and well repaid the trouble of an inspection."—*Illustrated London News*, November 8, 1862.

Watches. adapted for every class, climate and country, wholesale and retail. Chronometer, Duplex, Lever, Horizontal, Vertical, Repeating, Centre Seconds, Keyless, Astronomical, Reversible and Chronograph, from 200 guineas to 3 guineas each.

Clocks.—Drawing Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Library, Hall, Staircase, Bracket, Carriage, Chimney, Musical, Astronomical, Church, Turret, Stable, Railway, Post-office, Shop, Warehouse, Office or Counting-house, from 1,000 guineas to £1 1s. each.

BENSON'S INDIAN WATCH.—A first-class London-made Lever, Compensation-balance, adjusted for hot climates: Silver Cases, Open Face, £11 11. Hunters, £12 12. Gold Cases, Open Face, £25 0. Hunters, £30 0.

FOREIGN WATCHES WARRANTED.—Silver Cases, at £3 3s., £4 4s., £5 5s., £6 6s. each.
Ditto—Gold Cases, £5 5s., £7 7s., £9 9s., £12 12s.

Benson's Illustrated Watch Pamphlet will be sent Post free for Six Stamps, contains a short history of Watchmaking, with description and prices of every kind of Watch now made, and from which merchants and others can select and have their orders sent safe by post to India, the Colonies, or any part of the world.

Post-office Orders, Bankers' Drafts, or Bills upon London Houses must be made payable and addressed to
JAMES W. BENSON,
WATCH & CLOCK MANUFACTURER.

33 & 34, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1794.

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CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster Lumber Yard a large assortment of

Rough and Dressed Lumber,

—ALSO—

DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.

Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.

J. A. R. HOMER,
New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861.

New Advertisements.

THE SUFFERER'S BEST FRIEND.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

All Disorders affecting the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

These Pills can be confidently recommended as the most simple and certain remedy for indigestion, flatulency, acidity, heartburn, colic, constipation, and all the many maladies resulting from disordered stomach or bowels. In all diseases it is of primary importance to set the stomach right. These Pills are purifiers, alteratives, and strengtheners of the stomach. They may be taken under any circumstances. Though powerfully tonic, and satisfactorily aperient, they are mild in their operation, and beneficial to the whole system.

Weakness and Debility, Nervous Irritability.

The wholesale effect exercised by these admirable Pills over the blood and fluids generally is like a charm in dispelling low spirits, and restoring cheerfulness. Their general aperient qualities well fit them for a domestic medicine, particularly for females of all ages and periods of life. They never betray any disagreeable irritating qualities; they quickly effect all impurities from the system, and regulate every function of the body, giving wonderful tone and energy to weak and debilitated persons, while they brace and strengthen the nervous system in a most extraordinary manner.

To Regain Health, Strength and Vigour.

Whenever persons find themselves in that state termed a "little out of health," and there are so many causes at work to shorten life, it is necessary that Holloway's Pills, the finest purifier of the blood ever known, should be at once taken, as they not only rid both solids and fluids of all morbid matters, but regulate all disordered actions, and strengthen the frame in a most extraordinary manner.

Old Coughs, Colds and Asthmatical Affections.

These Pills, assisted in their action by rubbing Holloway's Ointment very effectually twice a day upon the throat and chest, and keeping those parts covered with the preparation, will be found the most effectual remedy for asthma, coughs, colds, bronchitis, and influenza. These remedies tranquilize the hurried breathing, soothe the irritated air-tubes, and assist in dislodging the phlegm which stops up the air-passages. This treatment has proved wonderfully efficient in not only curing old settled colds, but asthma of many years standing, and even when patients who were in so bad a state as not able to lie down on their beds lest they be choked with phlegm.

Derangement and Distention of the Bowels, Flatulency, Diarrhoea and Dysentery.

Any symptoms of the above complaints should be immediately met by appropriate doses of these Pills, according to the printed directions; delay may be followed by disastrous consequences. These Pills are a certain remedy for all the ailments of the alimentary canal, they secure the thorough digestion of the food, and act most kindly on the stomach, liver, bowels and kidneys. As a household medicine they are unrivalled, and should always be at hand.

Very Important, of Costiveness Beware.

Rarely but little notice is taken of costiveness, yet, at certain periods, it is a sure sign that danger is near. All who are seized with epilepsy and paralysis, have previously suffered from costiveness. In the former case the blood flies to the head, a small vein is ruptured on the brain, and we know the rest. Let wives counsel their husbands, and husbands their wives, never to go to bed a second night, if the bowels have not been properly moved during the day, particularly if they feel heavy and drowsy. A few gentle doses of these Pills will regulate the circulation of the blood, and all dangerous symptoms.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

Ague	Female Irregularities	Retention of Urine
Asthma	Favours of all kinds	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Bilious Complaints	Stiff Joints	Sore Throat
Blisters on the skin	Elephantiasis	Stone and Gravel
Bowel Complaints	Fistulas	Secondary Symp-toms
Colic	Gout	Tic Douloureux
Constipation of the Bowels	Glandular Swellings	Tumours
Consumption	Lumbago	Ulcers
Debility	Piles	Venerical Affections
Dropsy	Rheumatism	Worms of all kinds
Dysentery		Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
Erysipelas		

Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1jd., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box.

. There is a considerable saving by taking the large sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

LOUIS HAUTIER'S
HOTEL.

BILLIARD SALOON,

Lytton City, B. C.

THIS HOUSE is furnished in the best style, and a stock of excellent LIQUORS and CIGARS kept constantly on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the colony. The charges are moderate.
Good Stabling, and Horses constantly on sale at low prices.
Lytton City, November 10, 1862.

BOSTON BAR HOTEL,
BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE Subscribers flatter themselves that they will give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage. A stock of the choicest

Liquors and Cigars

constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Pies, etc. Prices very low.

JOLIGUE & CO.
Boston Bar, B. C., June 25, 1861.

New Advertisements.

PRINTING

—FOR THE—

MILLION!

Posters,

Circulars,

Bill-Heads,

Business Cards,

Steamboat Tickets,

Programmes,

Way-Bills,

Pamphlets,

Labels,

—AND—

Printed Forms

of every description, executed in a manner that

WILL DEFY COMPETITION!

Every Business Man should use printed Bill-heads, as they not only save time, but look more business-like, and serve as an advertisement.

Every Keeper of Public House should have printed Cards for distribution amongst the Miners, and large Show Cards, in colors, to exhibit on Steamboats, and in Hotels, &c.

Every Steamboat Owner, Merchant, Trader, Hotel-keeper, or Expressman, doing business in this Colony, should get his Printing done in the office of the

"BRITISH COLUMBIAN,"

LYTTON SQUARE,

NEW WESTMINSTER,

WHERE

ENTIRE SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED.

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform Merchants and Traders of British Columbia, as well as Steamboat Owners and all whom it may concern, that having recently made extensive additions to

THE PRINTING PLANT

of the "BRITISH COLUMBIAN" Newspaper, he is now prepared to execute with promptitude every description

Plain and Ornamental

JOB PRINTING

In a style and at prices which will compare favorably with any office upon the Pacific coast.

Orders from the interior are invited, and will receive careful and prompt attention.

JOHN ROBSON,
New Westminster, B. C., May, 1864.

New Advertisements.

ALL CURES MADE EASY!!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Ulcerous Sores, Bad Breasts and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed into the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed time with advantage; and most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintances whom it may concern, they will render a service that will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout & Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected, even under the worst circumstances, if these of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm & other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, almost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained in all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that nearly all skin diseases indicate the depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach, consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will be readily improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before, and which should not be promoted; perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsy, Mumps & all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies the Ointment should be well rubbed at least three times a day upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat; this course will at once remove inflammation and allusion. The worst cases will yield to this treatment by following the printed directions.

Scrofula or King's Evil and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system render them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure the liver, stomach and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs.	Chapped Hands.	Scalds.
Bad Breasts.	Contracted and Stiff Joints.	Sore Nipples.
Burns.	Elephantiasis.	Sore Throats.
Bunions.	Fistulas.	Skin-diseases.
Bite of Mosquitoes.	Gout.	Scurvy.
Chilblains.	Glandular Swellings.	Sore-heads.
Corns (soft).	Lumbago.	Tumors.
Cancers.	Piles.	Ulcers.
Chilblains.	Rheumatism.	Wounds.
		Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1jd., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Pot.

. There is a considerable saving by taking the large sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

LOWE BROTHERS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

Provisions, Groceries, French Wines,

LIQUORS AND HAVANA CIGARS.

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DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

WHARF STREET,

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DICKSON, DEWOLF & CO.,

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W. GRIEVE,

Tailor and Clothier,

Two Doors East of the Colonial Hotel,

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ALL ORDERS entrusted to his care promptly attended to, and work finished in the latest style.

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